## Leather care guide

- To remove dirt or surface residue, use a soft damp cloth. Gently rub for removal
- A wet wipe is great to use to clean your leather but without excessive wiping.
- Allow the leather to dry naturally, but never in direct sunlight.
- For long lasting use, protect your shoes from getting wet and prolonged exposure to direct sunlight and heat.
- Printing on genuine leather may get a little lighter over time
- Leather footwear generally takes about 1-2 weeks of wear before softening. For optimal comfort we recommend wearing your shoes for 1-2 hours a day to start and then incrementing the duration over the next 2 weeks. As a natural product it is subject to wear and tear over time.



- Use a leather conditioner of your choice.
- Put the leather conditioner onto a soft, lint free cloth. Apply with a circular motion over a complete section of the leather.
- Leather conditioner will help soften and moisturize your leather products and protect it from drying out and cracking. Remember that leather is a natural product and needs nourishing and protection.
- Please note: When applying Leather conditioner it will darken the leather slightly.



- Leather is a natural material, store your products in a breathable space to prevent the growth of bacteria and even mold due to lack of air.
- median Do not store in plastic bags or containers, they prevent good ventilation.
- Store leather away from artificial sources of heat, it can cause leather to dry and crack.
- You can store your shoes in the bag provided.



- Detergents, solvents and abrasive cleaners
- Prolonged and direct exposure of sunlight as this can cause fading, especially on the printed leather part
- Do not place leather near fireplaces or heaters. If you need to dry wet or damp leather, let it air-dry naturally.
- \* Silicone formulas as they will impair the leather's ability to "breathe".
- no test any conditioners, cleaners, polishes or wax in a hidden spot
- Never use Dubbin or shoe polish to care for your leather, this builds up a waxy layer over time.
- Don't immerse leather in water,

When leather are affected by water damage (the natural moisture escapes the leather) they dry out. The fibrous interweave will start to weaken and visible cracks form. Sadly, there's no way to salvage them once that happens.

So prevention is key. By always keeping the leather supple, healthy and resistant to water penetration.

Note:

- Many clients ask us for help when they spilled greasy-based-stuff on their leather shoes and/or products like food, oil, etc. Prevention for this is the best solution but accidents do happen.
- Try to immediately cover the stain with cornstarch or another absorbent powder.
- Allow the powder to sit on the stain overnight. The powder will draw the grease and moisture out of the leather.
- In the morning brush off the powder and the stain will hopefully be gone or minimized.
- Clean your leather shoes (if you do not have our leather cleaner nearby use a diluted amount of baby washing powder) and let it air dry.

This will not completely remove the oil but will lighten it.

- Use a leather conditioner of your choice and blend in the stain.
- If no success is gained, look at the bright side, it is a nice characteristic to tell your story.

Pen does not come off leather when marked.

Leather ages naturally and when looked after can last you a lifetime.